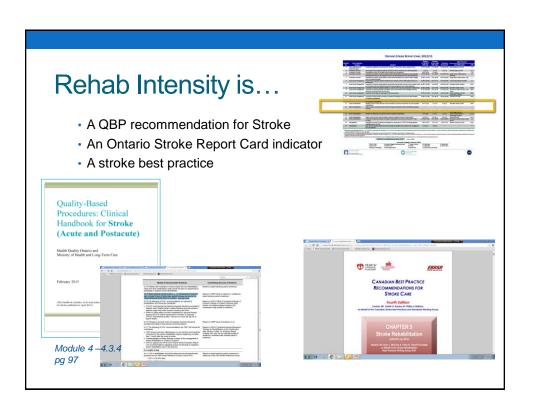
STROKE REHABILITATION INTENSITY:

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What is Rehabilitation Intensity

- Rehabilitation Intensity is defined as:
 - The amount of time that a patient is engaged in active, goaldirected, face to face rehabilitation therapy, monitored or guided by a therapist, over a seven day/week period.
 - Physical, functional, cognitive, perceptual and social goals to maximize the patient's recovery

Measuring Rehabilitation Intensity in NRS: # minutes of rehabilitation intensity (defined above) for OT, PT, S-LP, OTA, PTA, CDA

* Definition established as part of the OSN Rehabilitation Intensity Project through literature review, stakeholder consultation, and expert consensus.

Further Defining Rehabilitation Intensity

- An individualized treatment plan involving a minimum 3
 hours of direct task-specific therapy per patient per day by
 the core therapies, for at least 6 days a week
- Face-to- face treatment provided by an occupational therapist (OT), physiotherapist (PT), speech-language pathologist (S-LP), occupational therapy assistant (OTA), physiotherapist assistant (PTA) and communicative disorders assistant (CDA)
- Documentation of time (in minutes) from the patient perspective

Further Defining Rehabilitation Intensity

- Does not include group therapy
- Co-treatment time split between the treating therapists
- Maximum of 33% of the 3 hours/day with therapy assistants (OTA, PTA, CDA)
- If one core therapy is not required, then more time is required in the other core therapies to achieve 3 hours of intensive therapy per patient per day over the active length of stay

Some Guiding Questions for Therapists and Therapy Assistants

- When determining whether your activity is included in Rehabilitation Intensity, please ask yourself the following questions:
 - 1) Was I assessing, monitoring, guiding or treating the patient face-to-face?
 - 2) Was my activity with the patient one-on-one*?
 - 3) Was the patient actively engaged in the activity throughout the session?
 - 4) Were we working on things that would help the patient achieve his/her goal(s) and maximize his/her recovery?
- If you answered YES to all questions: this activity would likely be included.
- If you answered **NO** to any of the questions: this activity would NOT likely be included.

^{*} Although co-treatment or collaborative treatment sessions involve more than one therapist/therapy assistant, these sessions would be considered one-on-one if they align with the Rehabilitation Intensity definition and their time is split in half.

Guiding questions – Quick reference



STROKE REHAB INTENSITY

Definition: "The amount of time the patient spends in individual, goal-directed therapy, focused on physical, functional, cognitive, perceptual and social goals to maximize the patient's recovery, over a seven day/week period. It is time that a patient is engaged in active face-to-face treatment, which is monitored or guided by a therapist."

*The rehabilitation intensity definition was developed through literature review, expert consensus, and stakeholder engagement, and was approved by the Ontario Stroke Network Stroke Reference Group.

STROKE REHAB **INTENSITY**

Guiding questions to determine if your activity is included in Rehabilitation Intensity (RI) measurement

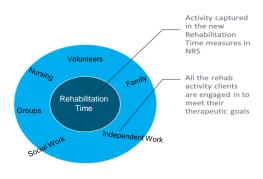
- Was I assessing, monitoring, guiding or treating the patient face-to-face?
 Was my activity with the patient one-on-one*?
- 3. Was the patient actively engaged in the activity throughout the session?

 4. Were the therapy activities helping the patient achieve his/her goal(s) and maximize his/her recovery?
- If the answer to <u>all</u> questions is YES, include the activity in RI measurement.
- If the answer to any question is NO, do not include the activity in RI measurement.

*with the exception of co-treatment/collaborative treatment

Therapy and the Patient Experience

- · Shift in thinking from therapist time spent providing the therapy/therapy related activities to the patient time spent actively engaged and receiving therapy.
- · Key element in patient recovery and rehabilitation culture



Adjuncts to Therapy - Create the Complete Complex Stimulating Rehabilitation Environment

- Stroke best practices suggest that all patients should receive rehabilitation therapy within an active and complex stimulating environment (Dawson et al., 2013).
- Adjuncts to the 3 hours of core therapy include: nursing, recreation therapy, social work, group therapy, volunteer programs, independent practice etc.
- Other disciplines and programming play an integral role in the rehabilitation environment and can contribute significantly to patient recovery. However, this time is not included in the Rehabilitation Time data collection and requires more research

Provincial Rehabilitation Intensity Workgroup

- Formed in March 2014 OSN members across the province, leveraging previous RI project
- Key focus was implementation of mandatory data collection for April 1st 2015 and QBP education



- Current state analyses: interviews, pilot testing
- Educational resource development
- · Use of existing infrastructure

Results so far..... And What's next

Results from the clinician survey and report from Ontario Stroke Network members



Majority of sites were ready to collect data as of April 1, 2015.

71% of 321 clinicians collected RI data in 10 min or less!

Future education and resource needs were identified.



Now opportunity to measure and report across the province



- Educational Videoconference Nov 18 and Jan 13
- Ongoing resource development (lit.review, whiteboard videos etc.)
- Sharing success and lessons learned within regions and across province
- Provincial Indicator development and review of Q1 and Q2 data

Underlying Components of Rehab Intensity								
Reference	Sample	Design & Methods	Staff Mix/Provi ders	Intensit y and Duratio n	Format of therapy	Main Outcome Measure s	Results	Comments
Example:	30 Stroke	Type of study	How many	For how	Face to face one	List measure	Indicate positive	Comments on any
Blennerhassett, J	Subject	(cohort,	therapists	many	to one	s used	or	biases of
& W. Dite (2004)	S	prospect	providing	weeks,	therapy		negative	this study,
Additional task		ive,	the	days,	provision		results	applicable
related practise	Other	group	treatment	visits or	or			to other
improve mobility	info if	blinding	if	minutes	other?			situations o
and upper limb	avail:	etc.)	indicated?	was this	(circuit			settings?
function early	Time		Which	interve	training,			
after stroke. The	post	Methods	therapists	ntion	group			
Australian	stroke,	used-		provide	etc.)			
Journal of	Stroke	what did						
Physiotherapy	type of	one				New Resource coming in early 2016!		
50(4), 219-224	locatio	group						
	n, co	receive						
	morbidi	vs the						

Resources Developed to Support Rehabilitation Intensity Data Collection and Implementation

