

### Patients Meeting Regional Acute Stroke Protocol Criteria

**Stroke Unit** 

(Acute + Rehab)

• Paramedics bypass to closest hospital that delivers thrombolysis +/- EVT (KGH or Quinte Health Care (QHC) - Belleville General Hospital site) within 6 hr time window. Outside that 6-hr time window, paramedics transport patient to local hospital ED. Paramedics are starting to use LAMS (large vessel occlusion (LVO) screening tool) to screen for potential EVT candidacy & are giving hospitals "heads up" if LAMS or LVO +ve.

**KGH K7 Acute** 

**Stroke Unit** 

**Belleville General Integrated** 

**Stroke Unit** (Acute + Rehab)

- Community Hospital EDs in our region follow Regional Acute Stroke Protocol (ASP) ED Transfer Guide (pink poster) which includes eligibility criteria for transfer to KGH ED for patients presenting with stroke symptoms within 24 hr time window. Before transferring, hospital ED contacts KGH ED letting charge nurse know of patient meeting Acute Stroke Protocol (ASP), starts IV & bloodwork (if time permits while waiting for ambulance), & faxes pertinent info to KGH ED. Same ASP applies to in-hospital acute strokes.
  - Hospitals are using **LVO screening tool-** ACT FAST to guide decision-making for patients presenting **between 6-24 hrs** of stroke symptom onset. If ACT-FAST +ve, they arrange ASP transfer to KGH ED.
  - o If uncertain about meeting ASP, community physician contacts neurologist on call for stroke at KGH.
- QHC-Belleville General (BGH) manages ASPs for Hastings & Prince Edward counties using provincial telestroke system for thrombolysis (tPA) & to guide decision-making for EVT. QHC-BGH site completes RAPID CT perfusion to determine transfer to KGH ED for EVT consideration.
  - If between 6-24 hours & ACT-FAST positive & presenting at Prince Edward Memorial County (Picton), Trenton Memorial, or North Hastings (Bancroft) hospitals, patients are sent directly to KGH ED, bypassing BGH.
- Campbellford Memorial usually transfers to Peterborough unless patient presents between 4-24 hours & ACT-FAST positive (4 hrs vs usual 6 hrs as Campbellford is further away); then Campbellford completes CT/CTA & physician contacts KGH neurologist on call for stroke re potential transfer to KGH for EVT consideration.

## Patients NOT Meeting Regional Acute Stroke Protocol Criteria

See above map boxes for HPE (Belleville), KFL&A (Kingston) and LLG (Brockville) Stroke Unit Care transfer locations.

Lennox & Addington County General Hospital (Napanee) Transfer to KGH (L&ACGH ED follows transfer algorithm)

High Risk- Ongoing stroke symptoms or within last 48 hrs

- Stroke neurology service determines from L&ACGH physician report whether to transfer to KGH.
- If non-disabling symptoms & ready for home, patient still comes to KGH for imaging, stroke consult in ED- contact Stroke Prevention Clinic (SPC) neurologist to see if they can see patient in ED (week day hours only).

Increased Risk- No symptoms within 48 hrs but symptoms occurred within last 2 weeks & ready for home

- L&ACGH physician makes arrangements for urgent outpatient CT+ CD or CTA within 24 hrs & KGH SPC follow up Lower Risk- No symptoms within last 2 weeks
  - L&ACGH physician discharges & refers to KGH SPC & will be worked-up within ~ 1 month

# Hemorrhagic Stroke

If stroke symptom(s) & brain hemorrhage on plain CT, community hospital physician contacts KGH neurologist on call for stroke. May need to arrange urgent consult to neurosurgery & transfer to KGH ED. If not needing neurosurgery transfer, patient still needs stroke unit care (or ICU) at Belleville General (HPE), Brockville General (LLG) or KGH (KFL&A).

### **Regional Acute Stroke Protocol**

#### Acute Stroke Protocol of Southeastern Ontario 11/04/2019

Emergency Transfer Guide
Patients who present with features of an acute ischemic stroke
may be eligible for thrombolytic therapy and/or endovascular
thrombectomy at Kingston General Hospital.

- Inclusion Criteria

  Patient is suspected of having ischemic stroke.

  Clear and credible time of symptom onset can be established and patient can reach KGH:

  Within 6.0 hours of onset
  - <u>OR</u>
  - Within 6-24 hours of onset if ACT-FAST
  - screen is positive
    \*Time of onset is the time patient was last seen well.
- \*Time is Brain. The sooner patient arrives at KGH, the greater potential for better outcomes.

  \*KGH Stroke team requires 1 hour from KGH ED door to treatment.

  Pregnancy is NOT a contraindication.

  Age < 18 years is NOT a contraindication.

- Unknown onset of symptoms or patient last seen well > 24hours.

  Complete resolution of neurological signs (TIA).
- Serious co-morbidity with limited lifespan (e.g., advanced cancer, advanced dementia).
- If uncertain about whether patient meets Acute Stroke Protocol criteria, contact Neurologist on Call for Stroke at KGH

# The following steps are recommended if the patient meets eligibility criteria and is stable for transfer:

- Arrange for ambulance transfer by calling dispatch. Inform the dispatcher that patient fits "Acute Stroke Protocol" Step 1
- Call KGH Emergency Department. Ask to speak to the Charge Nurse and inform them you have a patient that meets the "Acute Stroke Protocol" Step 2

#### Phone (613) 549-6666 extension 7003

- Step 3 Complete the following if time permits (never delay transfer to complete):

  A. Preferred:

  - 1 IV (no glucose solutions unless required)
    - 1 saline lock started with an 18 gauge needle in the right antecubital fossa unless contraindicated
       B. Optional (If time still permits):

      - CBC, electrolytes, urea, creatinine, troponin, INR, PTT, glucose, pregnancy test (βHCG) if indicated
         ECG

Step 4 Fax blood work and all relevant patient information to KGH Emergency

Fax (613) 548-2420

### **ACT- FAST PROCESS**

#### TRIAGE TOOLs for Acute Stroke < 24 hours strokenetwork FAST Stroke Screen FACE **A**RM **S**PEECH TIME

- ✓ One or more symptoms from Fa
  ✓ LAST SEEN NORMAL <24 hours ms from Face, Arm, Speech <u>AND</u>

IF ≤ 6 hours, refer to Pink Poster to activate Acute Stroke Protocol IF 6 -24 hours, Complete ACT-FAST

# ACT-FAST Stroke Screen: "ARM" (one-sided arm weakness)

Position both arms at 45<sup>0</sup> from horizontal with elbows straight POSITIVE TEST: One arm falls completely within 10 seconds

r patients that are uncooperative or cannot follow commands: **POSITIVE TEST:** 

### Proceed if Positive

If **RIGHT** ARM is weak

# If **LEFT** ARM is weak

"CHAT" (Severe language deficit) POSITIVE TEST: Mute, speaking incomprehensible,

"TAP" (gaze & shoulder tap) Stand on patient's weak side
POSITIVE TEST: Consistent eye gaze
away from weak side

Otherwise
Tap shoulder & call name
POSITIVE TEST: Does not quickly turn head & eyes to you

## Proceed if Positive

- Physician will assess EVT Eligibility (Positive if All Criteria Met)

  1. Deficits are NOT pre-existing (mild deficits now worse are acceptable as true deficits)

  2. Living at home independently—must be independent with hygiene, personal care,
- wasking
  Does NOT have stroke mimics: seizure preceding symptoms, Hypoglycemia = glucose
  less than 2.8 mmol/L, Active malignancy with brain lesions

### Proceed if Positive

Refer to Pink Poster to Activate Acute Stroke Protocol