## **Make Feeding Safer**





Over **50%** of the residents in your home have swallowing or feeding problems. People with stroke are at increased risk of swallowing problems.

Those with swallowing problems are at risk of:
Image: pneumonia
Image: pneumonia
Image: malnutrition
Image: dehydration

weight losssocial isolation



#### What to listen for



- Wet, gurgly or phlegmy sounding voice Throat-clearing Coughing or choking Resident complaining of:
- a 'lump in my throat'
- throat 'feels tight'
- something 'sticking in my throat'
- heartburn

If you notice a change in a resident's eating or



### What to look for

- Pocketing food or medication in mouth or cheek
- Spitting out food
- Drooling
- Problems chewing
- Repetitive swallowing
- Shortness of breath after meals
- Taking longer to eat
- Losing interest in food or leaving food on plote





# Keys to Successful Feeding





- Oral care before and after eating
- Minimize distractions
- Make sure resident is sitting up at 60° to 90° angle and that the resident's head is not tipped back
- Position yourself at eye level
- Get resident up in chair to eat whenever possible
- Use assistive devices when required

One type of food at a time

- Cue to look at whole plate if food is being missed
- Give one level teaspoonful of food or fluid at a time
- Check for complete swallowing after each spoonful
- Remind resident to keep swallowing, cough to clear throat and use tongue to clear food
- Check if food is left in mouth

## Food for thought



- Encourage residents to accept the food textures. Be positive. What you say does make a difference
- Special diet textures include pureed and minced foods
- ☑ Popsicles, ice cream, liquid supplements and milkshakes are **not**

#### considered thickened

#### fluids

## **Oral Care**



A clean mouth and teeth are essential to comfort and good health. Gum disease, bacteria and particles in the mouth can lead to stroke, heart disease, pneumonia, and infections.





**DO NOT USE...**IX Oral swabs
because they do not
clean the mouth
properly
IX Alcohol-based
mouthwashes as they
dry and irritate the
mouth
IX Toothpaste or
mouthwash if resident
is at risk of aspiration

If you notice a change in a resident's eating or swallowing, it should be reported to the team

### DO...

- Provide oral care before and after meals, each morning and at bedtime
- Provide assistance with brushing mouth, teeth and dentures
- Check for pocketing of food and medications
- Use a **soft** toothbrush



