Stroke is a Brain Attack



Did You Know?

- → There are an estimated 62,000 strokes in Canada each year - that's one stroke every 9 minutes
- → Stroke is the 3rd leading cause of death and a leading cause of disability
- → 60% of stroke survivors will have a long-term impairment that can affect participation in everyday activities
- → At least 20% of residents in Long Term Care have had a stroke



STROKE is caused by an interruption of blood flow causing brain cells to die quickly

Two Common Types of Stroke



Ischemic Stroke (~80%):

Blood supply in the brain is blocked by blood clots and/or a build up of plaque



Hemorrhagic Stroke (~20%):

Blood vessel leaks or ruptures

- → A TIA is a Transient Ischemic Attack caused by a short-term lack of blood flow to the brain
- →TIA is an important warning that a more serious stroke may occur soon and must be treated as a MEDICAL EMERGENCY

Risk Factors For Stroke

Risk Factors You Can't Control

- →Age (>55 years)
- → Gender (before menopause women have a lower risk than men)
- → Family History (parent or sibling had a stroke before age 65)
- → Ethnicity (increased risk for people of African or South Asian background)
- Indigenous heritage → Prior Stroke or TIA

Risk Factors You Can **Do Something About**

- → High Blood Pressure
- → Diabetes
- → High Blood Cholesterol
- → Atrial Fibrillation (irregular heart
- → Unhealthy Weight →Unhealthy Diet
- → Physical Inactivity
- → Smokina
- **→**Excessive Alcohol Consumption
- → Recreational Drug Use
- →Birth control and hormon
- replacement therapy → High Stress Levels



Most strokes are preventable and can be managed by lifestyle changes and medication

experiences any of

these signs

CALL 9-1-1 or your

local emergency

number immediately

Stroke Signs

Recognizing and responding immediately to the signs of stroke can significantly improve survival and recovery:

Learn the signs of stroke

Face is it drooping?





S peech is it slurred or jumbled?

Time to call 9-1-1 right away.

Act FAST because the quicker you act, the more of the person you save.

If someone

relearn routine activities of living regain abilities

move, eat and drink safely communicate effectively

May Experience

What a Stroke Survivor

Effects of a stroke and extent of stroke recovery depend on how long it took to get to hospital, location and size of brain damage, amount of time brain had no blood flow, available blood supply and how quickly healthy brain areas took over the functions affected by the stroke (neuroplasticity).



Recovery begins immediately throughout one's life.

Recovery may be affected by age, general health, personality, coping abilities, emotional state, motivation, available supports and access to rehabilitation.

→Bladder/bowel problems

Trouble communicating

Common Effects of Stroke

- → Fatique
- → One-sided weakness/paralysis
- Loss of balance/fall risk
- → Difficulty with coordination
- → Neglecting one side of the body
- → Pain (e.g., shoulder, hand)
- → Vision problems
- →Swallowing problems
- Malnutrition, dehydration
- Thinking changes → Personality and/or emotional changes

>Frustration

Depression and social isolation

→Poor judgment or impulsive

Stroke Recovery

You can help stroke survivors to:

participate in rehabilitation

cope with challenges & frustration

understand the changes due to stroke







